












Key Vocabulary

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| object |  | A thing that can be used. |
| materials |  | Materials are what an object is made from. |
| hard |  | Not easily broken or bent. |
| soft |  | It is easy to cut, fold or change shape. |
| stretchy |  | Can be pulled to make it longer or wider without breaking. |
| shiny |  | Reflects light easily. |
| dull |  | Doesn't reflect light, doesn't look bright or shiny. |
| rough |  | If something is rough, it feels and looks uneven or bumpy. |
| smooth |  | Smooth objects have no lumps or bumps. |
| bendy |  | Bendy things can be bent easily into a curved or folded shape. |
| water-proof |  | It keeps water out. It keeps things dry. |

Materials

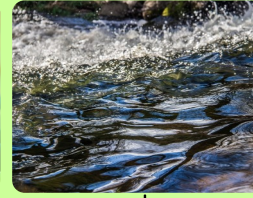
Year 1 Spring Term



wood



plastic



water



glass



metal



rock



Wooden bench



Plastic Lego



Drinking water



Glass Window

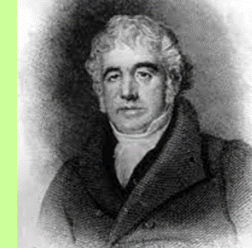


Metal Tools



Brick House

Charles Macintosh



Charles Macintosh was born in 1766 in Scotland. As a young man he worked as a clerk, keeping records. In his spare time he studied science. Charles left his job as a clerk when he was 19 and he started work making chemicals, and experimented with ways to use chemicals to make new materials. One day, he had invented a waterproof fabric. He started to use this fabric to make waterproof coats that he called Mackintoshes.

Did you know?

Scientists in New Brunswick British Columbia have discovered that plants first developed a structure that could be identified as wood 395-400 million years ago!

"There is no beauty in the finest cloth if it makes hunger and unhappiness" - Mahatma Gandhi.

My notes...

Significant People

Community

Equality & Justice

Environmental Responsibility